

# NAG Fortran Library Routine Document

## F06QWF

**Note:** before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of **bold italicised** terms and other implementation-dependent details.

### 1 Purpose

F06QWF transforms an  $n$  by  $n$  real upper triangular matrix  $U$  to an upper spiked matrix  $H$ , by applying a given sequence of plane rotations from either the left or the right, in planes  $k_1$  to  $k_2$ .

If  $SIDE = 'L'$ ,  $H$  has a row spike, with non-zero elements  $h_{k_2,k}$  for  $k = k_1, k_1 + 1, \dots, k_2 - 1$ . The rotations are applied from the left:

$$H = PU, \quad \text{where} \quad P = P_{k_1} P_{k_1+1} \cdots P_{k_2-1},$$

and  $P_k$  is a rotation in the  $(k, k_2)$  plane.

If  $SIDE = 'R'$ ,  $H$  has a column spike, with non-zero elements  $h_{k+1,k_1}$  for  $k = k_1, k_1 + 1, \dots, k_2 - 1$ . The rotations are applied from the right:

$$HP^T = R, \quad \text{where} \quad P = P_{k_2-1} \cdots P_{k_1+1} P_{k_1},$$

and  $P_k$  is a rotation in the  $(k_1, k + 1)$  plane.

The 2 by 2 plane rotation part of  $P_k$  has the form

$$\begin{pmatrix} c_k & s_k \\ -s_k & c_k \end{pmatrix}.$$

### 2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE F06QWF (SIDE, N, K1, K2, C, S, A, LDA)
INTEGER           N, K1, K2, LDA
double precision C(*), S(*), A(LDA,*)
CHARACTER*1      SIDE
```

### 3 Description

None.

### 4 References

None.

### 5 Parameters

1: SIDE – CHARACTER\*1 Input

*On entry:* specifies whether  $U$  is operated on from the left or the right, as follows:

if  $SIDE = 'L'$ ,  $U$  is pre-multiplied from the left;  
if  $SIDE = 'R'$ ,  $U$  is post-multiplied from the right.

*Constraint:*  $SIDE = 'L'$  or  $'R'$ .

2: N – INTEGER Input

*On entry:*  $n$ , the order of the matrices  $U$  and  $H$ .

*Constraint:*  $N \geq 0$ .

- 3: K1 – INTEGER *Input*
- 4: K2 – INTEGER *Input*
- On entry:* the values  $k_1$  and  $k_2$ .
- 5: C(\*) – **double precision** array *Input*
- On entry:* C( $k$ ) must hold  $c_k$ , the cosine of the rotation  $P_k$ , for  $k = k_1, \dots, k_2 - 1$ .
- 6: S(\*) – **double precision** array *Input/Output*
- On entry:* S( $k$ ) must hold  $s_k$ , the sine of the rotation  $P_k$ , for  $k = k_1, \dots, k_2 - 1$ .
- On exit:* S( $k$ ) holds a non-zero element of the spike of  $H$ :  $h_{k_2,k}$  if SIDE = 'L', or  $h_{k+1,k_1}$  if SIDE = 'R', for  $k = k_1, k_1 + 1, \dots, k_2 - 1$ .
- 7: A(LDA,\*) – **double precision** array *Input/Output*
- Note:** the second dimension of the array A must be at least  $\max(1, N)$ .
- On entry:* the  $n$  by  $n$  upper triangular matrix  $U$ .
- On exit:* the upper triangular part of the upper spiked matrix  $H$ .
- 8: LDA – INTEGER *Input*
- On entry:* the first dimension of the array A as declared in the (sub)program from which F06QWF is called.
- Constraint:*  $LDA \geq \max(1, N)$ .

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

None.

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